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00:00:01,090 --> 00:00:06,600

>> So today we're here at the exercise facility where the astronauts come out and train on some

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00:00:06,600 --> 00:00:09,400

of the equipment that's onboard the Space Station.

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00:00:09,400 --> 00:00:12,380

And here with me today we have Lori Ploutz-Snyder.

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00:00:12,380 --> 00:00:16,880

She is the Lead Scientist for exercise physiology and counter measures.

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00:00:16,880 --> 00:00:18,770

Welcome, Lisa, thank you for coming.

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00:00:18,770 --> 00:00:23,690

First of all we were going to talk to you a little about a study that is currently ongoing.

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00:00:23,690 --> 00:00:28,380

I believe there -- it happened once, started with the crew that is now down

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00:00:28,380 --> 00:00:31,360

and they're also participating in this study now.

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00:00:31,360 --> 00:00:36,420

That study is called SPRINT and so first, just talk to us a little about what SPRINT is.

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00:00:36,420 --> 00:00:38,700

Give us a brief overview if you will.

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00:00:38,700 --> 00:00:42,790

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: SPRINT is an exercise research study that looks

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00:00:42,790 --> 00:00:48,030

at integrated exercise program using aerobic and resistance exercise.

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00:00:48,030 --> 00:00:51,950

And we're trying to come up with the most efficient exercise prescription

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00:00:51,950 --> 00:00:56,640

to optimize the cardiovascular system, skeletal, muscle, and bone.

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00:00:56,640 --> 00:00:58,820

And it builds off of about two decades

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00:00:58,820 --> 00:01:05,060

of previous NASA research evaluating individual systems and for the first time it's trying

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00:01:05,060 --> 00:01:07,780

to bring together an integrated program

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00:01:07,780 --> 00:01:12,270

to develop the best counter measures for overall fitness.

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00:01:12,270 --> 00:01:13,360

>> That's a mouthful.

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00:01:13,360 --> 00:01:18,890

And so explain to me exactly what specifically is the crew doing.

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00:01:18,890 --> 00:01:20,970

What kind of activities are they doing that would be different

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00:01:20,970 --> 00:01:24,150

from what their normal exercise program would be?

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00:01:24,150 --> 00:01:27,400

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: Yeah there are two main parts to the SPRINT program.

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00:01:27,400 --> 00:01:32,770

The first part is a set of ground based tests before and after flight

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00:01:32,770 --> 00:01:37,630

to provide a really thorough assessment of the cardiovascular, muscle, and bone systems.

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00:01:37,630 --> 00:01:44,310

And so these include maximal aerobic testing, different muscle power, muscle endurance,

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00:01:44,310 --> 00:01:50,600

muscle strength, a variety of muscle performance tests, a muscle biopsy as well

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00:01:50,600 --> 00:01:53,940

as measurements for bone including QCT and DEXA.

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00:01:53,940 --> 00:01:55,510

And so with these measurements pre

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00:01:55,510 --> 00:02:01,350

and post-flight we'll get a really thorough assessment of the crew's physiologic function.

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00:02:01,350 --> 00:02:05,670

And the second part of the study employs an in-flight component

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00:02:05,670 --> 00:02:08,840

where they perform a new exercise prescription on ISS.

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00:02:08,840 --> 00:02:12,000

They use all of the same ISS equipment

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00:02:12,000 --> 00:02:15,570

but the way the exercises are prescribed is a little bit different.

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00:02:15,570 --> 00:02:21,980

So we include aerobic intervals and that's how the study got its name, the SPRINT.

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00:02:21,980 --> 00:02:27,210

So they do some sprinting on the cycle and the bicycle where they go at high intensity

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00:02:27,210 --> 00:02:30,480

for short bouts and then have a rest period.

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00:02:30,480 --> 00:02:37,130

And we also have resistance exercise on the ARED [phonetic] that they perform three days a week.

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00:02:37,130 --> 00:02:41,760

>> Okay so currently the crew is exercising two hours everyday.

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00:02:41,760 --> 00:02:43,490

Will that change with this experiment?

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00:02:43,490 --> 00:02:45,780

Are they resting anytime?

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00:02:45,780 --> 00:02:50,480

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: Yeah this experiment is evaluating a higher intensity exercise

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00:02:50,480 --> 00:02:55,130

prescription that can be done for shorter amounts of time and less frequently.

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00:02:55,130 --> 00:02:58,030

>> Now, so are they more worn out the next day?

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00:02:58,030 --> 00:03:01,960

They're going to have this rest time but they're actually, basically what I'm hearing from you is

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00:03:01,960 --> 00:03:03,960

that there's a more intense workout.

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00:03:03,960 --> 00:03:07,580

So is it problematic at all on the rest period?

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00:03:07,580 --> 00:03:10,830

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: Well so far it's exceeded our expectations

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00:03:10,830 --> 00:03:15,100

but we've only had one person complete the study but so far it seems to be working really well.

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00:03:15,100 --> 00:03:16,070

>> So so far we have positive data.

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00:03:16,070 --> 00:03:20,630

Now so one of the crew members who actually did this study is down.

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00:03:20,630 --> 00:03:24,080

And we can't talk about personal data but can you share with us

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00:03:24,080 --> 00:03:26,880

if there was positive data from that study?

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00:03:26,880 --> 00:03:31,870

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: Yeah he exceeded our expectations and it went very well especially

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00:03:31,870 --> 00:03:35,520

for the first person both in terms of the implementation.

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00:03:35,520 --> 00:03:39,490

There's a lot of new communications necessary in this study.

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00:03:39,490 --> 00:03:44,190

One of the things I didn't mention before is that another novel part

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00:03:44,190 --> 00:03:48,890

of this study is we evaluate how they're doing during their whole mission.

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00:03:48,890 --> 00:03:56,130

So every 30 days they perform VO2 Max [phonetic] which tests the maximal aerobic capacity.

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00:03:56,130 --> 00:03:58,890

>> That's that thing Lance Armstrong is really good at, correct?

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00:03:58,890 --> 00:03:59,990

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: That's right.

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00:03:59,990 --> 00:04:00,310

>> Right.

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00:04:00,310 --> 00:04:01,920

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: One of the things.

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00:04:01,920 --> 00:04:07,700

[Chuckles] And we test that every 30 days so that we can keep an eye on their aerobic fitness

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00:04:07,700 --> 00:04:11,550

and then we can adjust the prescription as necessary up

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00:04:11,550 --> 00:04:13,630

or down depending how they're doing.

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00:04:13,630 --> 00:04:18,120

We also have the first time measurements on ISS of muscle ultrasound.

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00:04:18,120 --> 00:04:24,110

So we're using the new ultrasound system to make measurements of the leg muscle size.

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00:04:24,110 --> 00:04:29,270

And the crew members scan themselves and make measurements of their own muscle size.

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00:04:29,270 --> 00:04:35,370

And we compare that with the loads they're doing on ARED to determine how well they're doing

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00:04:35,370 --> 00:04:39,510

for the resistance exercise and we can adjust the prescription accordingly.

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00:04:39,510 --> 00:04:43,210

And so this involved a lot of new implementation of communications

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00:04:43,210 --> 00:04:46,130

to get this data quickly and coordinated.

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00:04:46,130 --> 00:04:50,730

So both from the implementation standpoint and from the performance standpoint,

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00:04:50,730 --> 00:04:53,550
our first subject was a great success.

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00:04:53,550 --> 00:04:54,080
>> Awesome.

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00:04:54,080 --> 00:04:57,660
Well so first -- let's just go ahead and talk
about some of this equipment that we have.

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00:04:57,660 --> 00:04:59,640
I understand there are three main pieces.

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00:04:59,640 --> 00:05:01,460
We have one right here behind us.

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00:05:01,460 --> 00:05:05,360
This is the advanced resistive
exercise device and what other pieces

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00:05:05,360 --> 00:05:07,500
of equipment are you using during this study?

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00:05:07,500 --> 00:05:10,550
>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: So all of our
resistance exercises are performed on the ARED

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00:05:10,550 --> 00:05:13,070
or the advanced resistance exercise device.

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00:05:13,070 --> 00:05:17,800
There's also a treadmill and a
cycle up on the Space Station

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00:05:17,800 --> 00:05:24,860
and in the SPRINT program the participants
exercise on both of those at least two-thirds

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00:05:24,860 --> 00:05:27,060

of their aerobic exercise on the treadmill.

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00:05:27,060 --> 00:05:27,700

>> Okay.

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00:05:27,700 --> 00:05:29,790

>> Lori Ploutz-Snyder: So a little more treadmill than cycle.

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00:05:29,790 --> 00:05:30,860

>> Okay great.

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00:05:30,860 --> 00:05:34,440

So I know -- we know what the cycle is and a treadmill is

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00:05:34,440 --> 00:05:39,320

but the advanced resistive exercise device basically is a piece of equipment

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00:05:39,320 --> 00:05:41,520

that simulates weightlessness here on earth.